

January 19, 2017

Christopher J. Kirkpatrick
Secretary
Commodity Futures Trading Commission
Three Lafayette Centre
1155 21st Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20581

Re: CBOE Futures Exchange, LLC Rule Certification
Submission Number CFE-2017-001

Dear Mr. Kirkpatrick:

Pursuant to Section 5c(c)(1) of the Commodity Exchange Act, as amended (“Act”), and §40.6(a) of the regulations promulgated by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC” or “Commission”) under the Act, CBOE Futures Exchange, LLC (“CFE” or “Exchange”) hereby submits a CFE rule amendment (“Amendment”) to amend CFE Rule 415 (Block Trading) to clarify certain restrictions relating to disclosure and use of non-public information regarding Block Trades and the extent to which counterparties to a Block Trade may enter into pre-hedging or anticipatory hedging transactions. The Amendment will become effective on February 2, 2017.

CFE Rule 415 sets forth requirements relating to Block Trades. The Amendment adds new paragraphs (k) and (l) to Rule 415 which include clarifying language that addresses the following items.

First, Rule 415(k) clarifies that parties involved in the solicitation or negotiation of a Block Trade may not disclose the details of those communications to any other party for any purpose other than to facilitate the execution of the Block Trade. Rule 415(k) also clarifies that parties privy to non-public information regarding a consummated Block Trade may not disclose that information prior to the public report of the Block Trade by the Exchange and that a broker negotiating a Block Trade on behalf of a customer may not disclose the identity of the customer to potential counterparties without the permission of the customer.

Second, Rule 415(k) provides that parties to a potential Block Trade may engage in pre-hedging or anticipatory hedging of the position that they believe in good faith will result from the consummation of the Block Trade, with the following exception. Rule 415(k) prohibits an intermediary that takes the opposite side of its own customer order in a Block Trade from pre-hedging or anticipatory hedging. In cases where an intermediary is a party to a Block Trade with its own customer order, the intermediary may not establish an offsetting position prior to the consummation of the Block Trade in any account which is owned or controlled by the intermediary, in which an ownership interest is held by the intermediary, or which is a proprietary account of the employer of the intermediary. The intermediary may enter into transactions to offset the position only after the Block Trade has been consummated, which includes the period prior to the Block Trade being publicly reported by the Exchange.

Rule 415(k) also clarifies that the Exchange may proceed with an enforcement action when the facts and circumstances of pre-hedging suggest deceptive or manipulative conduct by any of the involved parties (including when an intermediary handling a customer order acts against its customer's best interest); that the guidance in Rule 415(k) applies only in the context of pre-hedging of Block Trades and does not affect any requirement under the Act or Commission regulations; that parties solicited to provide a two-sided Block Trade market are not deemed to be in possession of non-public information provided that side of market is not disclosed in the context of the solicitation; and that the provisions of Rule 415(k) do not apply to security futures.

Finally, Rule 415(l) makes clear that no person may engage in the front running of a Block Trade when acting on material non-public information regarding an impending transaction by another person, acting on non-public information obtained through a confidential employee/employer relationship, broker/customer relationship, or in breach of a pre-existing duty. The provisions of Rule 415(l), like the remainder of Rule 415 except for paragraph (k), apply both to non-security futures and to security futures.

The Amendment is consistent with similar guidance provided by other designated contract markets ("DCMs").¹

CFE believes that the Amendment is consistent with Designated Contract Market Core Principles 2 (Compliance with Rules), 7 (Availability of General Information), 9 (Execution of Transactions), and 12 (Protection of Markets and Market Participants) under Section 5 of the Act. The Amendment provides guidance to CFE market participants related to the disclosure and use of non-public information relating to Block Trades, provides a framework to allow market participants to hedge their anticipated exposure from Block Trades in accordance with the requirements of CFE Rule 415(k), and limits the ability of intermediaries to gain an unfair advantage when entering into Block Trades with customers.

CFE believes that the impact of the Amendment will be beneficial to the public and market participants. CFE is not aware of any substantive opposing views to the Amendment. CFE hereby certifies that the Amendment complies with the Act and the regulations thereunder. CFE further certifies that CFE has posted a notice of pending certification with the Commission and a copy of this submission on CFE's Web site (<http://cfe.cboe.com/aboutcfe/rules.aspx>) concurrent with the filing of this submission with the Commission.

CFE intends to file the Amendment as it may relate to security futures with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 19(b)(7) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

The Amendment, marked to show additions in underlined text and deletions in [bracketed] text, consists of the following:

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¹ These DCMs are Chicago Mercantile Exchange, Inc. ("CME"), The Board of Trade of the City of Chicago, Inc., New York Mercantile Exchange, Inc., New York Mercantile Exchange, Inc., Commodity Exchange, Inc., ICE Futures U.S., Inc., and NASDAQ Futures, Inc. See, e.g., [CME Submission No. 16-427](#) (October 24, 2016) and [CME Submission No. 16-470](#) (November 15, 2016), which are available on the CFTC's website.

CBOE Futures Exchange, LLC
Rules

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415. Block Trading

(a) - (j) No changes.

(k) Parties involved in the solicitation or negotiation of a Block Trade may not disclose the details of those communications to any other party for any purpose other than to facilitate the execution of the Block Trade. Parties privy to non-public information regarding a consummated Block Trade may not disclose such information to any other party prior to the public report of the Block Trade by the Exchange. A broker negotiating a Block Trade on behalf of a Customer may disclose the identity of the Customer to potential counterparties, including the counterparty with which the Block Trade is consummated, only with the permission of the Customer.

Parties to a potential Block Trade may engage in pre-hedging or anticipatory hedging of the position that they believe in good faith will result from consummation of the Block Trade, except for an intermediary that takes the opposite side of its own Customer order. In such instances, prior to the consummation of the Block Trade, the intermediary is prohibited from offsetting the position established by the Block Trade in any account which is owned or controlled by the intermediary, in which an ownership interest is held by the intermediary, or which is a proprietary account of the employer of the intermediary. The intermediary may enter into transactions to offset the position only after the Block Trade has been consummated.

The Exchange may proceed with an enforcement action when the facts and circumstances of pre-hedging suggest deceptive or manipulative conduct by any of the involved parties, including when an intermediary handling a customer order acts against its customer's best interests.

The guidance in this paragraph (k) applies only in the context of pre-hedging of Block Trades. This guidance does not affect any requirement under the CEA or Commission Regulation.

Parties solicited to provide a two-sided Block Trade market are not deemed to be in possession of non-public information provided that side of market is not disclosed in the context of the solicitation.

The provisions of this paragraph (k) do not apply to Security Futures.

(l) It shall be a violation of this Rule for a Person to engage in the front running of a Block Trade when acting on material non-public information regarding an impending transaction by another Person, acting on non-public information obtained through a confidential employee/employer relationship, broker/customer relationship or in breach of a pre-existing duty.

[(k)] (m) The Help Desk may review a Block Trade for compliance with the requirements of this Rule and may determine not to permit the Block Trade to be consummated, or may bust a Block Trade that has been posted or for which the Help Desk has transmitted a transaction summary, if the Help Desk determines that the Block Trade does not conform with those requirements.

[(l)] (n) The posting of a Block Trade by the Help Desk or the transmission by the Help Desk of a transaction summary for a Block Trade does not constitute a determination by the Exchange that

the Block Trade was effected in conformity with the requirements of this Rule. A Block Trade that is posted by the Help Desk or for which the Help Desk has transmitted a transaction summary that does not conform to the requirements of this Rule shall be processed and given effect if it is not busted but will be subject to appropriate disciplinary action in accordance with the Rules of the Exchange.

[(m)] (o) Any Block Trade in violation of the requirements of this Rule shall constitute conduct which is inconsistent with just and equitable principles of trade; provided, however, if the Exchange imposes a minor rule violation fine pursuant to Rule 714 for violation of this Rule, that minor rule violation shall not be considered to constitute conduct which is inconsistent with just and equitable principles of trade.

[(n)] (p) Authorized Reporters may electronically report Block Trades in VX futures to the CBOE System pursuant to this paragraph ([n]p) in a form and manner prescribed by the Exchange instead of reporting them to the Help Desk.

A Block Trade may be electronically reported to the CBOE System only if each Authorized Reporter for the transaction has obtained access to the CBOE System from the Exchange to enable the Authorized Reporter to electronically report Block Trades and agrees with the other Authorized Reporter for the Block Trade to electronically report the Block Trade to the CBOE System in lieu of reporting the Block Trade to the Help Desk. In order to electronically report a Block Trade to the CBOE System, each Authorized Reporter for the Block Trade must complete all of the steps required by the CBOE System and as prescribed by the Exchange in order for a Block Trade to be electronically reported to the CBOE System.

The Authorized Reporter that is the initiator of an electronic report of a Block Trade to the CBOE System must enter the required information into the CBOE System promptly enough to allow a reasonable amount of time for the other Authorized Reporter to electronically accept that report by no later than ten minutes after the Block Trade is agreed upon.

Electronic Block Trade reports may be submitted during trading hours and outside of trading hours to the extent permitted in paragraph (c) of this Rule. For Block Trades that are electronically reported outside of trading hours, the CBOE System will generally disseminate the Block Trade and provide a transaction summary to the Authorized Reporters following the next commencement of trading hours.

The Business Day which Authorized Reporters electronically reporting a Block Trade designate for the Block Trade to be submitted for clearing must conform to the same parameters in this regard that apply to Block Trades that are reported to the Help Desk which are set forth in the first and second columns of the chart in paragraph (g) of this Rule.

Except to the extent modified by this paragraph ([n]p), the provisions of the other paragraphs of this Rule shall continue to be applicable in relation to Block Trades that are electronically reported to the CBOE System. For the avoidance of doubt:

(i) the e-mail notification requirement and the third column of the chart in paragraph (g) of this Rule shall not be applicable to electronically submitted Block Trades;

(ii) the procedure in paragraph (i) of this Rule for notification to the Help Desk of any inaccuracies in the content of the transaction summary for a Block Trade

shall be applicable to electronically submitted Block Trades and to any mistake or inaccuracy in the electronic submission of a Block Trade to the CBOE System; and

(iii) the provisions of paragraph (1)n of this Rule shall be applicable to electronically submitted Block Trades.

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Questions regarding this submission may be directed to Arthur Reinstein at (312) 786-7570 or Nicole Gordon at (312) 786-8109. Please reference our submission number CFE-2017-001 in any related correspondence.

CBOE Futures Exchange, LLC

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Michael J. Mollet". The signature is written in a cursive style with a prominent loop at the end.

By: Michael J. Mollet
Managing Director