coinbase DERIVATIVES

June 28, 2024

VIA CFTC Portal

Mr. Christopher J. Kirkpatrick Secretary of the Commission Office of the Secretariat Commodity Futures Trading Commission Three Lafayette Centre 1155 21st Street, NW Washington, DC 20581

Re: CFTC Regulation 40.2(a) Certification: Listing of Avalanche Futures Contract

Dear Mr. Kirkpatrick:

Pursuant to Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC" or "Commission") Regulation 40.2(a), Coinbase Derivatives, LLC (the "Exchange" or "COIN") hereby submits for self-certification its initial listing of the Avalanche Futures contract to be offered for trading on the Exchange on or after July 15, 2024.

Contract Description

The Avalanche Futures contract (the "Contract") will be a monthly cash-settled and margined Contract with the following specifications:

Product	Avalanche Futures				
Product Type	USD-settled index future				
Contract Size	10 Avalanche				
Displayed Price Example	\$30.01				
Contract Notional	~\$300.00 Contract notional (i.e. ~\$30 x 10)				
Contract Code	AVA				
Minimum Tick Size and Value	Min tick size: \$0.01 per Avalanche Min tick value: \$0.10 per Contract				
Listed Contracts	3 nearest monthly Contracts				
Daily Settlement	Daily Settlement: 3:00 PM CT 1. 1-min VWAP of futures Contract rounded to the nearest tradable tick 2. 1-min TWAP of futures Contract midpoint of the bid/ask rounded to the nearest tradable tick 3. If a two-sided market is not available during the sixty (60) seconds prior to 3:00 PM CT, then the Settlement Price will be the Market Vector Coinbase Avalanche index value - (difference between previous day's index value and previous day's futures settlement)				

Final settlement price of the expiring Contract will be the value of the Market Vector Coinbase Avalanche benchmark reference rate at 4:00 PM London time, calculated and disseminated by Market Vector. Contracts will be cleared by Nodal Clear. The index value is determined using a 2-hour settlement window, MVIS breaks the period into 40 3-minute intervals. In each of these intervals, MVIS aggregates all trades and volume from the constituent exchange and calculates a volume weighted median price for the interval. The settlement is based on a simple average of the 40 volume weighted median prices calculated. Should any abnormal activity occur during the settlement window, any combination of the following measures will be considered: 1. Should the index provider detect an abnormal price during the settlement window, the price shall be removed from the calculation 2. Should the Coinbase Derivatives Command Center determine the settlement price is not representative of the market, it will manually settle the Contract using sources of historical data and prices on other exchanges and indexes.				
10% of hourly calculated reference price				
Trading terminates at 4:00 PM London time on the last Friday of the Contract month. If that day is not a business day in the U.S., trading terminates on the preceding day that is a U.S. business day.				
20,000 AVA Futures				
25 contracts				
5:00 - 4:00 PM CT Sunday - Friday, with a trading halt from 4:00 PM - 5:00 PM CT Monday - Thursday.				

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I. <u>Avalanche Market Overview</u>

Avalanche (AVAX) is a decentralized blockchain platform launched by Ava Labs in September 2020. It aims to address some of the most significant challenges faced by earlier blockchain networks, such as scalability, speed, and interoperability. Avalanche features a unique consensus protocol that promises near-instant transaction finality, capable of processing thousands of transactions per second (TPS). This positions Avalanche as a highly efficient and scalable platform suitable for a wide range of decentralized applications (dApps) and enterprise use cases.

Avalanche's consensus mechanism is a modified Proof-of-Stake (PoS) protocol, designed to be more efficient and environmentally friendly than traditional Proof-of-Work (PoW) systems. Validators on the network participate in a repeated subsampling process to reach consensus, which allows for faster and more secure transaction processing without the need for energy-intensive mining operations.

AVAX, the native token of the Avalanche network, serves several key functions within the ecosystem. It is used for staking to secure the network, paying transaction fees, and serving as a basic unit of account between multiple subnetworks created on the Avalanche platform. The total capped supply of AVAX is 720 million tokens, with a portion allocated for staking rewards, development incentives, and community engagement.

One of the standout features of Avalanche is its support for custom blockchain networks, or subnets. Developers can create their own interoperable blockchains with custom rules and requirements, fostering innovation and flexibility within the ecosystem. This capability, combined with Avalanche's high throughput and low latency, makes it an attractive option for DeFi projects, digital collectibles, and other blockchain-based applications.

Over the past year, the main Avalanche chain has averaged 40k-80k daily active addresses and 200k-500k daily transactions. Furthermore, there are more than two dozen subnets operated by independent teams that are part of the overall Avalanche protocol, each with their own user bases and use cases.

II. Contract Description

The Avalanche Futures Contract is a cash-settled Contract based on the Market Vector Coinbase Avalanche Benchmark Rate ("Index"). This Index tracks the price of Avalanche traded on the Coinbase, Inc. spot exchange. Market Vector is an Index Provider based in Frankfurt, Germany and is regulated by the Federal Financial Supervisory Authority ("BaFin").

Each Contract represents 10 Avalanche. The Exchange will initially offer the three front months of the Contract for trading.

III. Volatility

Avalanche is considered a relatively volatile asset. Some of the reasons include its recent emergence as a blockchain platform and lower market cap compared to more established cryptocurrencies. Since the start of 2022, the 30-day trailing standard deviation of daily price changes for Avalanche has averaged 4.1%. Spikes in volatility occur periodically, similar to other digital assets like Bitcoin and Ethereum.

While Avalanche price action is somewhat volatile due to the factors mentioned above, the Exchange has managed both periods of prolonged volatility as well as unexpected spikes in volatility in its existing products without market interruptions and with ample continuous liquidity. The Exchange is prepared to deploy its proven risk controls, applied to all of its listed products, including daily price limits, price banding, exposure limits, kill switches, and margin levels that appropriately reflect the volatility of Avalanche.

Avalanche's current 30D volatility is approximately 3%. Under comparable timeframes, other commodities have experienced realized volatility levels that are in line with Avalanche realized volatility. For reference, current Bitcoin and Ethereum 30D volatility are around 1.5%.

IV. Analysis of Deliverable Supply

Avalanche was created with a limited supply of 720M Avalanche. There are 392M Avalanche tokens currently in circulation, which represent the deliverable supply.

Given that each COIN Avalanche cash-settled Contract represents 10 Avalanche, a single Contract is <0.000003% of the deliverable supply.

To set position limits, the Exchange will be referencing the position limits to market cap ratio for existing crypto currency futures such as its Bitcoin contracts and adjusting downwards.

The Exchange will set the position limit to 20,000 AVA futures, which is equivalent to 200,000 AVAX. With a \$30 price of AVAX, this is equal to \$5.9M notional, which would be 0.05% of the AVAX market cap, currently at \$11.7B.

As a comparison, COIN Bitcoin Futures position limits are currently 0.10% of the Bitcoin market cap. The proposed AVA position limits would be 50% lower as a percentage of the underlying asset's market cap.

V. Compliance with Core Principles

The Exchange has reviewed the designated contract market ("DCM") core principles ("Core Principles") set forth in the Commodity Exchange Act and has identified that the Contract may most directly implicate the following Core Principles:

Core Principle 2 -- Compliance with Rules

Trading in the Contract is subject to the Exchange Rulebook (the "Rulebook") including Chapter 5, which prohibits fraud, non-competitive trading, market manipulation and abusive and disruptive trade practices. Additionally, as with all contracts traded on the Exchange, trading will be subject to monitoring and surveillance by the Market Regulation Department, which has the authority to investigate and enforce Exchange Rules, as described in Chapter 7.

Core Principle 3 -- Contracts Not Readily Subject to Manipulation

The Avalanche future is based on the Market Vector Coinbase Avalanche Benchmark Rate, which will be published starting in July 2024. MV Index Solutions GmbH ("MVIS") is governed by the European Benchmark Regulation (the "EUBMR") and supports the International Organisation of Securities Commissions (IOSCO) "Principles for Financial Benchmarks" (the IOSCO Principles). COIN has a licensing agreement for the use of Market Vector for Coinbase Avalanche futures. Market Vector manages the governance and oversight of the Index, as described in Appendix A below. COIN has signed an information sharing agreement with Coinbase, Inc. to allow the Exchange to request spot market data when necessary. Given that the Avalanche token is traded on multiple exchanges both in the United States and abroad, and the manner in which the Index is calculated, it would be difficult, if not impossible, to manipulate the price of the underlying market in a way that would affect the futures Contract. In addition Coinbase, Inc. has in place an experienced surveillance team and policies and procedures to detect suspected manipulation in the spot market. Given this oversight, the Index is not readily subject to manipulation.

Core Principle 4 -- Prevention of Market Disruption

Chapter 5 of the Rulebook prohibits Participants from manipulating, distorting the price of, and disrupting the settlement process of the Contract. As with all contracts traded on the Exchange, trading in the Contract will be subject to monitoring and surveillance by the Market Regulation Department. Further, trading in the Contract shall be subject to price fluctuation limits. In addition, the Index Provider uses a Methodology which makes potential manipulation of the underlying spot market unlikely to have an effect on the Index price.

Core Principle 5 -- Position Limits or Accountability

The Contract shall be subject to a position limit of no more than 20,000 Avalanche futures, or 200,000 Avalanche, with a reportable level of 25 Contracts.

Core Principle 7 -- Availability of General Information

The Exchange shall publish on its website and in its Rulebook the specifications, terms and conditions of the Contract.

Core Principle 8 -- Daily Publication of Trading Information

The Exchange shall publish on its website on a daily basis the trading volumes, open interest, and price information for the Contract.

Core Principle 9 -- Execution of Transactions

The Contract shall be listed for trading on the Exchange's trading system, which provides for efficient, competitive, and open execution of transactions.

Core Principle 10 -- Trade Information

All requisite trade information shall be included in the audit trail and is sufficient for the Market Regulation Department to monitor for market abuse.

Core Principle 11 -- Financial Integrity of Transactions

The Contract shall be cleared by Nodal Clear, LLC, a CFTC registered derivatives clearing organization subject to the CFTC regulations related thereto.

Core Principle 12 -- Protection of Markets and Market Participants

Chapters 4 and 5 of the Rulebook require all market participants, including futures commission merchants ("FCMs") carrying customer accounts, to observe high standards of integrity, market conduct, commercial honor, fair dealing, and just and equitable principles of trade and prohibits, among other things, fraud, non-competitive trading, market manipulation, and abusive and disruptive trade practices. As with all contracts traded on the Exchange, trading will be subject to monitoring and surveillance by the Market Regulation Department.

Core Principle 13 -- Disciplinary Procedures

Rulebook Chapter 7 sets forth the rules and procedures for the investigation, enforcement, and sanctioning of persons that violate the Exchange's Rules.

Core Principle 14 - Dispute Resolution

Disputes related to the Contract are governed by Chapter 8 of the Rulebook, which provides for arbitration procedures overseen by the National Futures Association.

Certification

The Exchange has spoken with FCMs and market participants who support the decision to launch an Avalanche Contract. The Exchange is not aware of any substantive opposing views to the Contract. The Exchange certifies that the Contract and related rules certified herein comply with the Commodity Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

The Exchange certifies that this submission has been concurrently posted on the Exchange's website at: www.coinbase.com/derivatives.

If you have any questions or require any further information, please contact me at jane.downey@coinbase.com.

Sincerely,

/s/

Jane Downey Chief Regulatory Officer

Attachments:

Appendix A Market Vector Coinbase Avalanche Benchmark Rate Index Methodology

Appendix B Amendments to COIN Rulebook Chapter 11 Appendix C Amendments to COIN Rulebook Chapter 5

APPENDIX A

Market Vector Coinbase Avalanche Benchmark Rate Index Methodology

The Market Vector Coinbase Avalanche Benchmark Rate ("Index") is produced by Market Vector Indexes of Frankfurt, Germany, an affiliate of Van Eck Associates Corporation ("MVIS"). The Index is calculated and disseminated in USD and tracks the price of Avalanche as traded on the Coinbase, Inc. spot exchange.

Advisory Board

The MVIS Advisory Board is governed by the Rules of Procedure for the Advisory Board. The Advisory Board is responsible to supervise and advise the Managing Directors of MV. The approval of the Advisory Board is required for certain important decisions.

Independent Oversight Function

MVIS has implemented an Independent Oversight Function ("IOF") that consists of employees of the Legal and Compliance department of VanEck (Europe) GmbH. Some of the key task and responsibilities of the IOF are:

- Periodic review of the Index Guide and Methodology;
- Review and approval of the procedures for index cessation;
- Oversee third parties involved in the provision of the indices, including calculation or dissemination agents:
- Assess internal and external audits or reviews, and monitor the implementation of identified remedial actions; and
- Monitor input data and contributors and MVI's related actions in challenging or validating contributions of input data.

Managing Directors

MVIS has two Managing Directors (MD), the Operations and the Shared Services MD. The roles and responsibilities of the two different MDs are documented and serve to ensure mitigation of conflicts of interest and enhance governance standards. The Managing Directors are responsible for the ongoing review and monitoring of compliance with MVIS' policies and procedures by all involved parties and the notification of possible breaches or incidents to the IOF.

The MVIS Avalanche Benchmark Rate Index is not Subject to Manipulation

The Index is calculated as an average of 2-hour quantity weighted median prices, which are calculated for 40 3-minute intervals. The Contract price is determined by using a median price, which filters out any prices that might be considered outliers, either high or low.

Index Value =
$$\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^{n} M(i)$$
.

where the quantity weighted median price for each interval i is

$$M(i) = \begin{cases} p_{i,k} & \text{if k satisfies } \sum_{j=1}^{k-1} q_{i,j} < \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{J_i} q_{i,j} \text{ and } \sum_{j=k+1}^{J_i} q_{i,j} \leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{J_i} q_{i,j}, \\ p_{i,1} & \text{if } q_{i,1} \geq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{J_i} q_{i,j}, \\ \frac{p_{i,k} + p_{i,k+1}}{2} & \text{if } \sum_{j=k+1}^{J_i} q_{i,j} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{J_i} q_{i,j}, \end{cases}$$

with the number of intervals calculated as the total index time window divided by the interval window:

$$n = \frac{T}{b}$$
,

and

 $p_{i,j} = j$ th price in ith interval,

 $q_{i,j} = j$ th quantity/volume traded in ith interval,

 J_i = number of trades in ith interval,

b = interval window for the calculation of the median prices,

n = number of intervals,

T = total index time window for the calculation of an index price.

The set of trades for the total index calculation consists of transactions occurring within the total index time window as follows:

$$\theta_t = \{a_{i,j}(s_{i,j}, p_{i,j}, q_{i,j}) | t - T \le s < t\},$$

with

 θ_t = set of trades for the calculation of the index price at time t,

 $a_{i,j} = \text{trade } j \text{ in trade set } A_i,$

 $s_{i,j}$ = time of trade $a_{i,j}$.

Each interval consists of a subset of trades of θ_t :

$$A_i \subset \theta_t$$

 A_i being the set of trades for the calculation of the median price in interval i, where each trade $a_{i,j}$ within A_i is sorted by price $p_{i,j}$ in ascending order and it holds that trades occur within the interval window as follows:

$$A_i = \{a_{i,j}(s_{i,j}, p_{i,j}, q_{i,j}) | (t - T) + (i - 1)b \le s < (t - T) + ib\}.$$

Due to the sheer number of times the price is recalculated, and the use of median prices, any attempt to manipulate the price of the Index would be extremely difficult. In addition to the calculation safeguards, MVI has procedures in place to prevent manipulation, MVIS has a number of policies and procedures in place to ensure a fair marketplace. MVIS has instituted measures to investigate and correct a potentially erroneous price due to bad data, late or

delayed transactions and non-reporting exchanges. Incorrect or missing data is corrected immediately.

Disruptions with calculation agents are handled by Compliance and Senior Management at MVIS. MVIS will communicate any error to all affected clients. In addition, if MVIS identifies any conduct that may involve manipulation of an index by calculation/dissemination agent, it will report this to its regulator, BaFin.

The Exchange has in place an agreement with Coinbase, Inc. to share information and trade data occurring on Coinbase, Inc. in connection with regulatory inquiries. This agreement gives the Exchange the opportunity to investigate activity in the spot market which may have an impact on the listed futures Contract.

How Settlement is Calculated

During the 2-hour settlement window, MVIS breaks the hour into 40 3-minute intervals. In each of these intervals, MVIS aggregates all trades and volume from the Coinbase, Inc. spot exchange and calculates a volume weighted median price for the interval. The settlement is based on a simple average of the 40 volume weighted median prices calculated.

APPENDIX B

Additions underscored; deletion are struckthrough

CHAPTER 11: CONTRACTS

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RULE 1116. Avalanche Futures

- (a) Scope. Rule 1116 is limited in application to the trading of the Avalanche futures ("AVA Contract"). In addition to Rule 1116, the Avalanche Contract is subject to all Rules of the Exchange as applicable. Unless otherwise stated, all times referred to herein are Central Time Zone. The relevant index for the AVA Contract is the MarketVector™ Coinbase Avalanche Benchmark Rate ("Index"), as calculated and disseminated by MarketVector Indexes GmbH as the index provider and calculation agent (the "Index Provider").
- (b) <u>Trading Schedule</u>. The Avalanche Contract shall be offered for monthly trading in the front three (3) months during such hours as the Exchange shall determine from time-to-time.
- (c) Contract Size. The Contract size is equal to the price of 10 Avalanche.
- (d) <u>Price Increments. The minimum price increment shall be 0.01 Index points (\$0.10 AVA Contract).</u>
- (e) <u>Position Limits, Position Accountability, and Reportable Levels. Pursuant to Rules 530 to 533 and subject to the requirements and exceptions therein, the Avalanche Contract is subject to the following:</u>
 - (1) Position Limit. 20,000 AVA Contracts.
 - (2) Reportable Level. 25 AVA Contracts.
- (f) Price Fluctuation Limits. Trading in the AVA Contract shall be subject to price fluctuation limits. If a price fluctuation limit is reached on the lead month of AVA Contract, all related instruments will be halted. If a price fluctuation limit is reached on the non-lead month AVA Contracts, only the specific instrument which reached the price fluctuation limit will be halted.
 - (1) Each hour, a Reference Price is calculated for each Contract using the Lead Month settlement procedures outlined in Rule 906(b)(ii)(1) (the "Reference Price").
 - (2) A 10% up and down price limit will be applied to that Contract's Reference Price.
 - (3) The market will enter a halt state for two (2) minutes if a price fluctuation limit is reached. Orders can be submitted, canceled, and amended during this state but no matching will occur.

- (4) <u>If a price fluctuation limit is reached, the new Reference Price will be the last price fluctuation limit for the remainder of that hour.</u>
- (g) Termination of Trading and Expiration. Trading terminates at 4:00 PM London time on the last Friday of the Contract month. If that day is not a Business Day, trading terminates on the preceding day that is a Business Day ("Termination of Trading"). Expiration will occur the same Business Day as the Termination of Trading for the Contract.
- (h) Settlement. The AVA Contract is cash settled.
 - (1) <u>Daily Settlement Price of the Contract</u>, which is an Exchange Futures Contract based on a crypto currency, will be determined pursuant to the process set forth in Exchange Rule 906(b)(ii).
 - (2) On the day of expiration, the Final Settlement of the Contract, which is an Exchange Futures Contract based on a crypto currency, will be determined pursuant to the process set forth in Exchange Rule 906(c)(ii).
 - (3) <u>Final Settlement. Clearing Firms holding open positions in an expiring AVA Contract at the Termination of Trading shall make or receive payment in accordance with the rules of the Clearing House.</u>
- (i) Forks. In the event of a hard fork, the AVA Contract will settle to the Index. The Exchange may, in its sole discretion, take alternative action with respect to hard forks in consultation with its Index Provider, its Clearing House and its market Participants.
- (j) Disclaimer.

The MarketVector™ Coinbase Avalanche Benchmark Rate is a trademark of MarketVector Indexes GmbH and its affiliates (collectively "MarketVector"). MarketVector or MarketVector's licensors own all proprietary rights in the MarketVector™ Coinbase Avalanche Benchmark Rate. MarketVector is NOT affiliated with Coinbase Derivatives, LLC, and neither approves, endorses, reviews or recommends the AVA Contract. MarketVector does not guarantee the timeliness, accurateness or completeness of any data or information relating to the MarketVector™ Coinbase Avalanche Benchmark Rate, and neither shall be liable in any way to Coinbase Derivatives, LLC, investors in the AVA Contract or other third parties in respect of the use or accuracy of the MarketVector™ Coinbase Avalanche Benchmark Rate or any data included therein.

APPENDIX C

Additions underscored; deletion are struckthrough

CHAPTER 5: TRADING PRACTICES AND BUSINESS CONDUCT

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RULE 533. Position Limit, Position Accountability, Reportable Level, and Volume Threshold Level Table

The reportable levels for all Contracts covering Position Limit, Position Accountability, Reportable Level, and Volume Thresholds will be made available to Market Participants.

Product	CDE Code	Contract Size	Aggregate Into Futures	Aggregate Ratio	Exchange Reporting Level	Position Limit
Nano Bitcoin Futures	BIT	0.01	BTI	100 BIT = 1 BTI	25	20,000 (BTI Aggregate)
Bitcoin Futures	BTI	1	BTI	N/A	25	
Nano Ether Futures	ET	0.1	ETI	100 ET = 1 ETI	25	40,000 (ETI Aggregate)
Ether Futures	ETI	10	ETI	N/A	25	
Bitcoin Cash Futures	ВСН	1	всн	N/A	25	14,000
Litecoin Futures	LC	5	LC	N/A	25	10,000
Dogecoin Futures	DOG	5,000	DOG	N/A	25	20,000
Avalanche Futures	AVA	<u>10</u>	AVA	N/A	<u>25</u>	20.000
Gold Futures	GOL	1	GOL	N/A	200	600,000
nano Crude Oil Futures	NOL	10	OIL	10 NOL = 1 OIL	350	40,000 three (3) days prior to the end of trading in the spot month
Micro Crude Oil Futures	OIL	100	OIL	N/A	350	40,000 three (3) days prior to the end of trading in the spot month