

2011 DEC 1 6 M 10 Managing Director and Chief Regulatory Counsel Legal Department

# SECRETARIAT

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December 13, 2011

#### VIA E-MAIL AND OVERNIGHT MAIL

Stacy Easter Paralegal Specialist FOIA Compliance Office Commodity Futures Trading Commission Three Lafayette Centre 1155 21st Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20581

## CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT REQUESTED

### Re: FOIA Confidential Treatment Request

Dear Ms. Easter:

By e-mail dated today, December 13, 2011, the Chicago Mercantile Exchange Inc. ("CME" or the "Exchange") submitted a supplemental rule certification filing (submission No. 11-505S) to the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "Commission"). This supplemental filing includes an appendix ("Appendix A"), which is attached.

Pursuant to Sections 8 and 8(a) of the Commodity Exchange Act ("CEA"), as amended, and Commission Regulation 145.9(d), The Exchange requests confidential treatment of Appendix A, and the accompanying detailed written justification attached hereto as Exhibit A ("Exhibit 1") on the grounds that Appendix A contains confidential commercial information of the submitter (CME). Pursuant to Commission Regulation 145.9(d)(5), the Exchange requests that confidential treatment be maintained for Appendix A and Exhibit 1 <u>until further notice from the Exchange</u>. We also request that the Commission notify the undersigned immediately after receiving any FOIA request for said Appendix A or Exhibit 1 or any other court order, subpoena or summons for same. Finally, we request that we be notified in the event the Commission intends to disclose such Appendix A or Exhibit 1 to Congress or to any other governmental agency or unit pursuant to Section 8 of the CEA. The Exchange does not waive its notification rights under Section 8(f) of the CEA with respect to any subpoena or summons for such Appendix A or Exhibit 1.

Please contact the undersigned at (212) 299-2200 should you have any questions concerning this letter.

Sincerely,

/s/Christopher Bowen Managing Director and Regulatory Counsel

Enclosure

1 North End Avenue New York, NY 10282 T 212 299 2200 F 312 930 3323 christopher.bowen@cmegroup.com cmegroup.com

# **CME Group**

Christopher Bowen Managing Director and Chief Regulatory Counsel Legal Department

December 13, 2011

### VIA E-MAIL

Mr. David Stawick Office of the Secretariat Commodity Futures Trading Commission Three Lafayette Centre 1155 21st Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20581

> RE: SUPPLEMENTAL SUBMISSION NYMEX Submission No. 11-505S: Additional Supplemental Information Relating to the CME Eurodollar Futures and Options Market Maker Tier Incentive Program Subject to a Freedom of Information Act Protection

Dear Mr. Stawick:

Previously, pursuant to Submission No. 11-505 dated December 13, 2011, the Chicago Mercantile Exchange Inc ("CME" or "the Exchange") notified the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("Commission") of the implementation of the CME Eurodollar Futures and Options Market Maker Tier Incentive Program ("Program").

In this letter, the Exchange is providing the Commission with certain additional information related to the incentives under the Program. The additional supplemental information is provided in Appendix A, for which a request for confidential treatment and detailed written justification is being simultaneously submitted to the Commission. A copy of that request for confidential treatment and detailed written justification is included with this supplemental filing.

CME certifies that the Program complies with the Commodity Exchange Act and the regulations thereunder. A concise explanation and analysis of the operation, purpose and effect of the Program was provided in Submission No. 11-505. There were no substantive opposing views to this Program.

The Exchange certifies that a description of this submission has been concurrently posted on the Exchange's website at <u>http://www.cmegroup.com/market-regulation/rule-filings.html</u>

If you require any additional information regarding this submission, please contact Robert Lev at 312-930-3019 or via e-mail at <u>robert.lev@cmegroup.com</u>, or contact me at 212-299-2200. Please reference our CME Submission No. 11-505S in any related correspondence.

Sincerely,

/s/ Christopher Bowen Managing Director, Chief Regulatory Counsel

Attachments

### **EXHIBIT A**

### DETAILED WRITTEN JUSTIFICATION

## **CME Group**

Christopher Bowen Managing Director and Chief Regulatory Counsel Legal Department

December 13, 2011

VIA Electronic Mail – foiasubmissions@cftc.gov

Assistant Secretary of the Commission for FOIA, Privacy and Sunshine Acts Compliance Commodity Futures Trading Commission Three Lafayette Centre, 8<sup>th</sup> FI. 1155 – 21<sup>st</sup> Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20581

### Re: FOIA Confidential Treatment Request: Appendix A to CME Submission 11-505S

Dear FOIA Compliance Staff:

I am writing on behalf of the Chicago Mercantile Exchange Inc. ("CME" or the "Exchange"), a subsidiary of CME Group Inc. In accordance with the requirements set forth in Section 40.8 of the Commodity Exchange Act ("CEA"), the Exchange hereby submits its detailed written justification in support of continued confidentiality of the information set out in Appendix A to submission No. 11-505S ("Appendix A") and respectfully requests that the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "Commission") not release the information contained therein.

As discussed more fully below, Appendix A contains confidential and proprietary commercial information of the Exchange and is thus exempt from disclosure pursuant to Section 8 of the Commodity Exchange Act ("CEA"), Commission Regulation 145.9(d) and Exemption 4 (the "Exemption") to the Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA").

### **Presumption of Confidentiality**

There is a presumption of confidentiality for commercial information that is (1) provided voluntarily and (2) is of a kind the provider would not customarily make available to the public. See <u>Critical Mass Energy</u> <u>Project v. Nuclear Regulatory Commission</u>, 975 F.2d 871, 878 (D.C. Cir. 1992) (en banc); see also <u>Center</u> for Auto Safety v. National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, 244 F.3d 144, 147 (D.C. Cir. 2001) (affirming continuing validity of Critical Mass and applying tests detailed in that case). The Exchange provided the confidential information in Appendix A to the Commission voluntarily in connection with the above referenced submission in order to demonstrate to the Commission the compliance of the market making program with the CEA and relevant Commission Regulations. Further, the incentive structure set

out in Appendix A is much more complex than the simple incentives that may in some circumstances accompany a market maker or trading incentive program. The incentive structure set out in Appendix A was developed by Exchange staff at significant cost and over a substantial period of time. The Exchange would not customarily make such complex incentive structures available to the public.

### **Disclosure Would Likely Cause Competitive Harm to the Exchange**

Notwithstanding this presumption of confidentiality, the confidential information in Appendix A still would be considered "confidential" because it is information that the Exchange would not and have disclosed to the public and its disclosure would cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the Exchange. FOIA was enacted to facilitate the disclosure of information to the public, but was clearly not intended to allow business competitors "cheap" access to valuable confidential information, especially when "competition in business turns on the relative costs and opportunities faced by members of the same industry." Worthington Compressors v. Costle, 662 F.2d 45, 51 (D.C. Cir. 1981).

When a submitter of confidential information has a "commercial interest in the requested information the [E]xemption is properly invoked." <u>ISG Group, Inc. v. Dept. of Defense</u>, 1989 WL 168858 (D.D.C. 1989). The test for determining confidentiality under Exemption 4 is set forth in <u>National Parks & Conservation</u> <u>Association v. Morton</u>, where the court held that information is confidential if its disclosure would "cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the person from whom the information was obtained." In applying the "competitive harm" test for confidentiality, there is no requirement to demonstrate actual competitive harm. <u>Gulf & Western Indus., Inc. v. United States</u>, 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C. Cir. 1979). "Actual competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury is all that need to be shown." <u>Gulf & Western Indus., 615 F.2d at 530</u>. Information is confidential if: 1) there is actual competition in the relevant market; and 2) disclosure is likely to cause substantial competitive injury. <u>Id.</u> Neither the Commission nor the courts must conduct a sophisticated economic analysis to determine the likely effects of disclosure; evidence demonstrating the *potential* for economic harm is sufficient. <u>Utah v.</u> <u>Bahe et al</u>. No. 00-4018, 2001 WL 777034, at 2 (10<sup>th</sup> Cir. July 10, 2001); <u>Public Citizen Health Research Group v. Food & Drug Admin.</u>, 704 F2d 1280, 1291 (D.C. Cir. 1983).

The Exchange also satisfies the second requirement for the "competitive harm" test for confidentiality because the release of the information would likely cause substantial competitive injury to the Exchange. <u>See Gulf & Western Indus. Inc. v. United States</u> 615 F.2d 527,530 (D.C. Cir. 1979). As noted above, a sophisticated economic analysis is unnecessary; the potential for economic harm is sufficient. <u>Utah v.</u> <u>Bahe et al.</u>, No. 00-4018, 2001 WL 777034, at 2 ( Cir. July 10, 2001); <u>Public Citizen Health Research</u> Group v. Food & Drug Admin., 704 F.2d 1280, 1291 (D.C. Cir. 1983).

Under circumstances similar to those involved here, courts have recognized that disclosure of commercial information holds the potential for significant competitive harm. <u>Bahe</u> No. 00-4018, 2001 WL 777034, at 2-3 (terms and structure of contract for storage of nuclear fuel confidential); <u>Heeney v. Food & Drug Admin.</u>, 2001 U.S. App. Lexis 7732, at 3-4 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. April 12, 2001) (manufacturing agreement and other information confidential); <u>Professional Review Org. v. U.S. Department of Health and Human Servs.</u>, 607 F. Supp. 423, 425-26 (D.D.C. 1985) (business plans confidential). When applying the "substantial competitive harm test," courts "[c]onsider how valuable the information will be to the requesting competitors and how much this gain will damage the submitter." <u>Worthington Compressors</u>, 662 F.2d at 51.

Appendix A contains valuable commercial information with respect to the concessions that we found to be necessary to incentivize market makers to participate in both the Eurodollar Pack and Bundle Futures market maker program and the Eurodollar Options Market Maker Program. This information was developed at significant cost and over a substantial period of time. It would destroy the value of that work if we were required to make that information available to competitors, who could free ride our efforts with

no cost. The incentive of exchanges to develop competing trading incentive programs and market making programs will be destroyed. Additionally, there is no regulatory imperative to disclose such information.

For the foregoing reasons, the Exchange respectfully requests that the Commission maintain the confidential privilege afforded to this type of information and refrain from releasing Appendix A as such action could prove harmful to the Exchange.

Please contact me if you have any questions regarding this matter.

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Very truly yours,

/s/Christopher K. Bowen

Managing Director, Chief Regulatory Counsel